On a problem related to centralizers in groups

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Let G be a group and let x be an element of G. Denote by $C_G(x)$ the centralizer of x in G. Then clearly $\langle x \rangle \leq C_G(x)$.

An element x of $G \setminus \{1\}$ will be called *deficient* if

$$\langle x \rangle < C_G(x),$$

non-deficient if

 $\langle x \rangle = C_G(x).$

If $x \in G$ is deficient (non-deficient), then the conjugacy class x^G of x in G will be also called *deficient* (non-deficient).

Let j be a non-negative integer. We will say that the group G has defect j, denoted by $G \in D(j)$ or by the phrase "G is a D(j)-group", if **exactly** j non-trivial conjugacy classes of G are deficient.

In this talk we report some results on arbitrary finite or infinite D(0)-groups and D(1)-groups, obtained in [3].

Then, more generally, we shall deal with the class M(j) of D(j)-groups $G, j \ge 1$, satisfying the following condition: G contains an element x of order p^{j+1} , for some prime p (see [5]).

Notice that if G is a D(0)-group, or G is a periodic D(1)-group, or G is in the class M(j), then every element of G has order a power of a prime. We also report some known results on finite and locally finite groups with this property (see [1], and [2]), and some new results about some classes of infinite groups with this property (see [4]).

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