



THE SECOND LARGEST EIGENVALUE OF CAYLEY GRAPHS

SANMING ZHOU

School of Mathematics and Statistics, The University of Melbourne, Parkville, VIC 3010, Australia. sanming@unimelb.edu.au

ABSTRACT. The eigenvalues of a graph are defined as the eigenvalues of its adjacency matrix, and the Laplacian eigenvalues of a graph are the eigenvalues of its Laplacian matrix. It is wellknown that the second largest eigenvalue of Cayley graphs plays an important role in many applications especially in the context of expander graphs. Aldous conjectured that for any set T of transpositions in S_n , the Cayley graph $Cay(S_n, T)$ has the same algebraic connectivity as the graph with vertex set [n] and edges $\{i, j\}$ for $(i, j) \in T$, where the algebraic connectivity of a graph is its second smallest Laplacian eigenvalue (in particular, the algebraic connectivity of a Cayley graph is the difference between its degree and second largest eigenvalue). This conjecture in its general form was proved by Caputo, Liggett and Richthammer in 2010. In this talk I will review some results on the second largest eigenvalue of Cayley graphs with a focus on Aldous' conjecture and its generalizations. The talk includes joint work with Yuxuan Li and Binzhou Xia.

¹⁹⁹¹ Mathematics Subject Classification. Primary: 05C50, 05C25.

Key words and phrases. Cayley graph, eigenvalues of graphs, algebraic connectivity, Aldous' spectral gap theorem.